

- Ref:
- Abramovich, Ort Alterations
  - de Jong, Smoothness, semistability and alterations
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Thm (Hironaka, 64)

char  $k=0$ ,  $X$  int f.t. scheme/ $k$

$Z \xrightarrow{\text{c.s.}} X$ , then there exists a finite seq of blowups (birational morphism)

$$X_n \rightarrow X_{n-1} \rightarrow X_{n-2} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow X_0 = X$$

s.t.  $X_n$  is regular

strict transform of  $Z$  is snc divisor.

Q: char  $p$  case?

A: Yes if we allow weaker conditions

Thm (de Jong, 1995)

$X$  int f.t. / $k$ . ~~Then~~  $Z \xrightarrow{\text{c.s.}} X$  closed subscheme then there exist an  $X' \rightarrow X$  separable proper surjective and generically finite such that  $X'$  is regular & quasiproj and strict transform of  $Z$  is snc divisor.

Def.:  $f: X' \rightarrow X$  is called an alteration if it's proper, surjective, generically finite.

Ex.:

$$X = \text{Spec}(k[t][x, y] / (xy - t^2)) \quad (\text{char } k \neq 2)$$

$\downarrow$

$$A^1 = \text{Spec}(k[t])$$

$x = (0, 0, 0)$  is the only singularity of  $X$   
How to resolve  $x \in X$ ?

$\text{Bl}_x X$ , then drop the exceptional divisor

Rough idea:  $X' \xrightarrow[\text{alteration}]{\sim \text{smooth.}} X$   
 $\downarrow$  fibration of nodal curves.  
 $P$

Proof (Sketch)

Step 1: (reduction)

Can "replace"  $(X, Z)$  by  $(X', Z')$

s.t.  $X'$  is projective normal

&  $Z'$  is a divisor in  $X'$

construction of  $X' \rightarrow X$ : ("first blow-up at  $Z$ ")

$$\text{Bl}_Z(X) \rightarrow X$$

(2) Then Chow's lemma:  $\exists$  a proper birational  $X' \rightarrow \text{Bl}_Z(X)$  s.t.  $X'$  is quasi-projective



so by taking closure of  $X'$  in  $\mathbb{P}^m$  can assume  $X'$  is projective

(3) take the normalization of  $X'$

Step 2: Find a projection



lemma: (1) if  $\dim X < m-1$ , then  $\exists$  pts in  $\mathbb{P}^m$  s.t. projection from ~~this~~ <sup>each</sup> pt maps

$X$  birationally onto the image.

(2) if  $\dim X = m-1$ , then  $\exists \dots$

$X$  generically étale over  $\mathbb{P}^{\dim X}$

$\Rightarrow X \xrightarrow{\pi} \mathbb{P}^d$  generically étale.

( $\dim X = d$ )

$\Rightarrow B \subseteq \mathbb{P}^d$  s.t.  $\pi$  is not regular on  $B$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \exists U \subseteq \mathbb{P}^d \text{ s.t. } \pi^{-1}(U) \text{ projection from pts in } U \\ \text{maps } \pi(Z) \text{ generically étale} \end{array} \right.$

Then choose pt  $p \in U \setminus B$

take  $Bl_{\pi^{-1}(p)} X = \{(x, \ell) \in X \times \mathbb{P}^{d-1} \mid \pi(x) \in \ell\}$

↑  
collection of lines going  
through  $p \in \mathbb{P}^d$

$$\rightsquigarrow Bl_{\pi^{-1}(p)}(X) \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{P}^{d-1}$$

$\Rightarrow$  "Check" this is a ~~retolune~~ curve

Step 3 Improvement of fibration

$U \subseteq \mathbb{P}^{d-1}$   $f^{-1}(U)$  is smooth of dim 1 over  $U$

$\rightsquigarrow$  a family of nodal curve over  $U$

Sch  $\rightarrow$  Set

$T \mapsto \{ \text{iso classes of family of nodal curves / } T \}$

such functor is not representable.

$\rightsquigarrow$  rigidify the functor

Need family of stable  $n$ -pointed nodal curve of

genus  $g$

Prop.  $\exists$  alteration of  $P : P' \rightarrow P$   
s.t.