

Rep of Affine Lie Algebra

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\mathfrak{g} a simple Lie alg

$L\mathfrak{g} = \{ \text{regular maps } \mathbb{C}^* \rightarrow \mathfrak{g} \}$
with bracket

$$f_1, f_2 \in L\mathfrak{g}, [f_1, f_2](t) = [f_1(t), f_2(t)]$$

$$L\mathfrak{g} \cong \mathfrak{g} \otimes \mathbb{C}[t, t^{-1}] =: \mathfrak{g}[t, t^{-1}]$$

$$[X \otimes t^n, Y \otimes t^m] = [X, Y] \otimes t^{n+m}$$

Kac-Moody Presentation

$$A_{n+1}^{(1)}: A_3^{(1)} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 & \alpha_1 & \alpha_2 & \alpha_3 & \alpha_0 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 & -1 & \alpha_0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & -1 & \alpha_1 \\ & -1 & 2 & -1 & \alpha_2 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & 2 & \alpha_3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & d \end{pmatrix}$$

$\mathfrak{g}(A)$ is generated by e_0, \dots, e_{n-1}

f_0, \dots, f_{n-1}

$k = \{ \alpha_0, \dots, \alpha_{n-1}, d \}$

w. relations \mathfrak{h} is commutative alg

$$[h, e_i] = \alpha_i(h) e_i$$

$$[h, f_i] = -\alpha_i(h) f_i$$

$$[e_i, f_j] = \delta_{ij} \alpha_i^\vee$$

$$[e_i, [e_i, e_j]] = 0 \quad \text{if } |i-j|=1$$

$$[e_i, e_j] = 0 \quad \text{if } |i-j| \geq 2$$

$$\mathfrak{g}(A) = \mathfrak{h} \oplus \left(\bigoplus_{\beta \in \Phi} \mathfrak{g}_\beta \right)$$

$$\text{where } \mathfrak{g}_\beta = \{ X \in \mathfrak{g}(A) \mid [H, X] = \beta(H)X, \forall H \in \mathfrak{h} \}$$

Prop: $L\mathfrak{sl}_n \cong \mathfrak{g}(A_{n-1}^{(1)})$

if $i \neq 0$,

$$e_i = E_{i, i+1}$$

$$f_i = E_{i+1, i}$$

$$\alpha_i^\vee = E_{ii} - E_{i+1, i+1}$$

Define

$$e_0 = E_{n, 1} \otimes t$$

$$f_0 = E_{1, n} \otimes t^{-1}$$

$$[e_0, f_0] = [E_{n, 1}, E_{1, n}] \otimes 1 + K$$

So $\mathfrak{g}'(A) = L\mathfrak{sl}_n \oplus \mathbb{C}K$

K is central

$$[X \otimes t^n, Y \otimes t^m] = [X, Y] \otimes t^{n+m} + n \delta_{n, -m} (X, Y) K$$

$$\mathfrak{g}(A) = \mathfrak{g}'(A) \oplus \mathbb{C}d$$

$$[d, K] = 0$$

$$[d, X \otimes t^n] = n X \otimes t^n$$

So indeed, $L\mathfrak{sl}_n \oplus \mathbb{C}K \oplus \mathbb{C}d \cong \mathfrak{g}(A_{n-1}^{(1)})$

Roots of $\hat{\mathfrak{sl}}_n (= L\mathfrak{sl}_n)$

Let $\Phi = \text{roots of } \mathfrak{sl}_n$, if $\beta \in \Phi$, $X \in (\mathfrak{sl}_n)_\beta$, i.e. $[H, X] = \beta(H)X$

real root $\rightarrow X \otimes t^n \in (\hat{\mathfrak{sl}}_n)_{\beta+n\delta}$ where $\delta = \alpha_0 + \dots + \alpha_{n-1}$

imaginary root $\rightarrow \alpha_i^\vee \otimes t^n \in (\hat{\mathfrak{sl}}_n)_{n\delta}$ multi = $n-1$

Rep theory of $\hat{\mathfrak{sl}}_n$

Assume: (1) weight space decomp $V = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathfrak{h}^*} V_\lambda$

(2) integrable, $\forall v, \exists N$ s.t.

V irred
 $K_V = C \cdot v \quad \forall v \in V$ integrable $\Rightarrow c$ is an integer
 \hookrightarrow called level
 positive level $c > 0 \rightarrow$ highest int. repr (category \mathcal{O})
 $c < 0$

$e_i^m v = 0$
 $f_i^M v = 0$

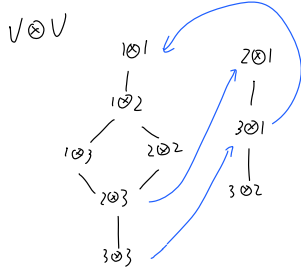
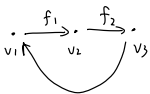
$c < 0 \leftarrow$ low phenomena

since K kills everything, throw K (and d as well)
 $\mathcal{L} \text{ sl}_n, v_1, \dots, v_n$ repr for sl_n

$a_1, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{C}^*$
 $(X \otimes t^n)(v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_n) = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^n v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes X v_i \otimes \dots \otimes v_n$

if all v_i are distinct repr, $v_1 \otimes \dots \otimes v_n$ is irred repr

sl_3
 $V = \mathbb{C}^3$



crystal basis