

# Dim 0 Category

Thursday, January 21, 2016 5:11 PM  
 Def A ring  $R$  is dim 0 if every fg.  $R$ -module is finite length

$\mathbb{Q}S_4$  is a dim 0 ring.  
 ( $R$  commutative  $\Rightarrow$  dim 0 = Artinian)

## Generate & rep

$$\mathbb{Q}S_4 \cdot \{ \langle 1, 3 \rangle, \langle 4, 2 \rangle \}$$

$$\langle 12, 34 \rangle$$

$$\{ \langle 12, 34 \rangle - \langle 12, 41 \rangle, \langle 12, 34 \rangle - \langle 34, 12 \rangle \}$$

$$\text{Coker} \left( \begin{array}{c} (\mathbb{Q}S_4)^{\oplus 2} \rightarrow (\mathbb{Q}S_4)^{\oplus 2} \\ \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} \langle 1234 \rangle - \langle 2134 \rangle & \langle 1234 \rangle - \langle 3412 \rangle \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right) = \text{Module}$$

$$\text{Ker} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -11 \\ -11 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \right] = \text{ker} (0 \ 0)$$

so 1 copy of  $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}$   
 0 copy of  $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}$

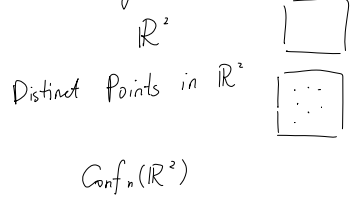
$$\text{ker} \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mid \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right] = \text{ker} \left( \begin{array}{c|c} 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 \end{array} \mid \begin{array}{c|c} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) = 1\text{-dim}$$

so 1 copy of  $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}$

$$\text{Module} \cong \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array} \oplus \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\text{dim} = 1+2 = 3$$

## Configuration Space



$$\text{Thm } H^2(\text{Conf}_n(\mathbb{R}^2)) = \frac{\langle \omega_{ij} \otimes \omega_{kl} \rangle}{\langle \omega_{ij} \otimes \omega_{kl} - \omega_{ji} \otimes \omega_{kl}, \omega_i \otimes \omega_j, \omega_{ij} \otimes \omega_{kl} + \omega_{kl} \otimes \omega_{ij}, \omega_j \otimes \omega_k + \omega_{jk} \otimes \omega_i + \omega_{ki} \otimes \omega_j \rangle}$$

$i, j, k, l \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\langle \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1234 \\ \hline \end{array} \rangle$$

$$\langle \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1234 \\ \hline 2134 \end{array}, \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1123 \\ \hline \end{array}, \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1234 \\ \hline 3412 \end{array}, \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1222 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 2331 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 3112 \\ \hline \end{array} \rangle$$

Thm  $\text{Fin}$  is dim 0  
 The simples are in bijection with partitions

Example  $\dim C_{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}} = 2 \cdot \binom{n}{3}$

$\dim C_{\lambda} = \dim(\lambda) \cdot \binom{n}{|\lambda|}$   
 unless  $\lambda = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}$ ,  $\dim C_{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}} = \binom{n-1}{k-1}$

$$H^2(\text{Conf}(\mathbb{R}^2)) = C_{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}} \oplus C_{\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \square \\ \hline \square \\ \hline \end{array}}$$

$$\text{dim} = 2 \cdot \binom{n}{3} + 3 \cdot \binom{n}{4}$$