

## Homework Set 10

Please, try to do all of the following problems. Solutions to three of them are due on Monday April 10.

**Problem 1.** Let  $X$  be a Noetherian scheme.

- 1) Show that if  $\mathcal{E}$  and  $\mathcal{F}$  are globally generated coherent sheaves on  $X$ , then  $\mathcal{E} \otimes \mathcal{F}$  is globally generated.
- 2) Show that if  $L$  and  $M$  are invertible sheaves on  $X$ , with  $L$  ample and  $M$  globally generated, then  $L \otimes M$  is ample.
- 3) Show that if  $L$  and  $M$  are ample invertible sheaves on  $X$ , then  $L \otimes M$  is ample.

**Problem 2.** Let  $A$  be a Noetherian ring and  $X$  a proper scheme over  $\text{Spec}(A)$ . Suppose that  $L$  is an invertible sheaf on  $X$ .

- 1) Show that  $L$  is ample if and only if its restriction  $L|_{X_{\text{red}}}$  to  $X_{\text{red}}$  is ample.
- 2) Show that if  $X_1, \dots, X_r$  are the irreducible components of  $X$  (with the reduced scheme structure), then  $L$  is ample if and only if  $L|_{X_i}$  is ample for every  $i$ .

**Problem 3.** Let  $X$  be a scheme of finite type over an algebraically closed field  $k$ . Suppose that  $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$  is defined by the invertible sheaf  $L$  on  $X$  and by the sections  $s_0, \dots, s_n \in \Gamma(X, L)$ .

- 1) A closed subscheme  $V$  of  $\mathbb{P}^n$  is called *nondegenerate* if there is no hyperplane  $H$  in  $\mathbb{P}^n$  such that  $V$  is a subscheme of  $H$ . Show that the scheme-theoretic image of  $f$  is nondegenerate if and only if the sections  $s_0, \dots, s_n$  are linearly independent.
- 2) A closed subscheme  $V$  of  $\mathbb{P}^n$  is called *linearly normal* if the canonical morphism

$$H^0(\mathbb{P}^n, \mathcal{O}(1)) \rightarrow H^0(V, \mathcal{O}(1)|_V)$$

is surjective. Assuming that  $f$  is a closed immersion, show that  $X$  is linearly normal in  $\mathbb{P}^n$  if and only if  $s_0, \dots, s_n$  span  $\Gamma(X, L)$ .

- 3) Show that a nondegenerate closed subscheme  $V$  of  $\mathbb{P}^n$  is not linearly normal if and only if there is a nondegenerate closed subscheme  $W$  of  $\mathbb{P}^{n+1}$  and a point  $Q$  in  $\mathbb{P}^{n+1} \setminus W$  such that the projection from  $Q$  induces an isomorphism  $W \simeq V$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $k$  be an algebraically closed field and  $X \subset \mathbb{P}_k^n$  a closed subscheme defined by the ideal sheaf  $\mathcal{I}_X$ .

- 1) Show that  $X$  is nondegenerate if and only if  $H^0(\mathbb{P}^n, \mathcal{I}_X(1)) = 0$ , and  $X$  is linearly normal if and only if  $H^1(\mathbb{P}^n, \mathcal{I}_X(1)) = 0$ .
- 2) Show that if  $X$  is integral and nondegenerate and  $H$  is a hyperplane in  $\mathbb{P}^n$ , then  $X \cap H$  is nondegenerate in  $H \simeq \mathbb{P}^{n-1}$ .

**Problem 5.** Let  $X$  be a nonsingular projective curve over an algebraically closed field  $k$ . Show that if  $L$  is an invertible sheaf on  $X$ , then  $L$  is very ample if and only if for every points  $P$  and  $Q$  on  $X$  (not necessarily distinct), we have

$$h^0(X, L(-P - Q)) = h^0(X, L) - 2.$$