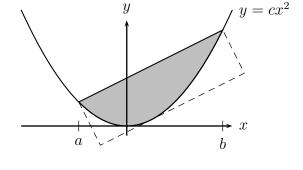
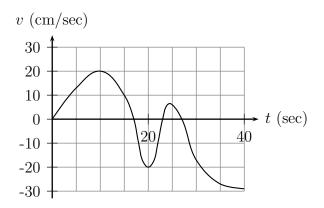
Douglass Houghton Workshop, Section 1, Mon 01/14/19 Worksheet Batrachomyomachia

- 1. Find the volume of a plastic cup with radii $R_1 = 3 \text{ cm}$ and $R_2 = 4.5 \text{ cm}$, and height H = 12 cm by slicing it up into discs and adding them up.
- 2. We're interested in the figure shown here. Last time we found that the slope of the solid line is c(a + b), and the area of the trapezoid under the line is $\frac{1}{2}c(b-a)(a^2+b^2)$.
 - (a) Find the area of the shaded region in the picture to the right. Make the answer as simple as possible.
 - (b) Find the area of the dashed rectangle, which is tangent to the curve.
- 3. (This is derived from Problem 47 on page 295 of your book.)

A mouse is trapped in a psychologist's experiment. She moves back and forth in a straight tunnel. The cruel experimenter attracts the mouse with bits of cheese at one end or the other. Sometimes he also puts a frog in the tunnel to scare the mouse away, because mice are terrified of frogs. The graph of the mouse's velocity, v, is given to the right, with a positive velocity corresponding to motion toward the right end.





Tell the story from the mouse's point of view. You might write it as a timeline, explaining what happened when. Make up explanations for all the significant features of the graph.

- 4. The breathing of a frog is cyclic, and when it is relaxed (because no mice are around), the time from beginning of inhalation to end of exhalation is about 5 seconds. The maximum rate of air flow into the lungs is about 50 milliliters per second.
 - (a) Write a trigonometric function that models the rate of air flow into the lungs.
 - (b) Use this function to find the maximum amount of inhaled air in the lungs.

5. Find the interval on which the graph of
$$f(x) = \int_0^x \frac{1}{1+t+t^2} dt$$
 is concave up.

6. The Michigan Lottery offers several exciting and fun ways to spend money. Let's calculate the odds of one of them.

Daily 3 Three bins, numbered 1, 2, and 3, each contain ten ping-pong balls, numbered 0 through 9. A ball is chosen from each bin, so that the result of the drawing is a 3-digit number. Players likewise choose a 3-digit number to play.

- (a) What is the probability of getting all three digits correct?
- (b) You can also play your numbers "boxed". That means that if you match the three digits *in any order*, you win. What is the probability of winning a boxed ticket? Does it depend on what numbers you play?
- 7. The **expectation** of a particular bet on a particular game is the average amount you'll win if you play many times.
 - (a) Suppose among a certain group of people, 54% get 1 scoop of ice cream, 32% get 2 scoops, and 14% get 3 scoops. What is the average number of scoops per person?
 - (b) If you bet \$1 on red in Roulette, there are 2 possible outcomes. Write down the probabilities and payoffs for each, and find the exected payoff.
 - (c) Find the expectation of The Michigan Lottery's non-boxed pick-3 game. The cost of a ticket is \$1, and if your number comes up you can turn in the ticket for \$500.
- 8. A ball at an initial height h_0 is thrown straight up into the air, with an initial velocity v_0 . Gravity causes the ball to accelerate downward at a constant rate, g. (This might be on another planet, so use g rather than $9.8 \,\mathrm{m/sec}^2$.)
 - (a) Find v(t), the upward velocity of the ball at time t.
 - (b) Find h(t), the height of the ball at time t.
 - (c) Calculate the quantity $mgh(t) + \frac{1}{2}mv(t)^2$. What do you notice about your answer?
 - (d) Use part (c) to calculate the maximum height of the ball. Check using your Math 115 optimization skillz.
- 9. Suppose you have a function f(x). You know:
 - f is a quadratic. That is, $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ for some constants a, b, and c.
 - How to measure f(-1), f(0), and f(1).

You want to know $\int_{-1}^{1} f(x) dx$.

- (a) Let R, S, and T be the values you measure for f(-1), f(0), and f(1). What are R, S, and T in terms of a, b, and c?
- (b) Find a formula for f(x). That is, find a, b, and c in terms of R, S, and T.
- (c) Find $\int_{-1}^{1} f(x) dx$ in terms of R, S, and T.