KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CA 9.6 NW Quad

LOCUS CA96002

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) WALL

BEG. LEVEL(S) 464.85

END LEVEL(S) 463.95

UNDER LOCUS (ES) CA96000

OVER LOCUS(ES) CA96041

UNITS IN LOCUS: N/A

FINDS: N/A

1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT. N/A FINE _____ UNID

LDM

SPAN/CONDITION

2. LAMPS: WHEELMADE ____ HELL MOULDMADE _____ ROMAN _____

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/_FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT

2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCII OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER

FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

This lociwas built in the piers-and-stone technique. The piers are ca. 55 cm tall, with cobbles-to-boulder fill between them. The wall is preserved to a height of 0.8-0.9 m above its foundation, which rests on locus CA96041 (Persian Pliab Southwall). One course of stones is preserved above the level of the top of the piers. At the intersection with the drain (CA96003/CA96009), the wall is pierced by a channel for the water to pass through. The channel uses one of the piers as its west wall; the east wall of the channel is of rubble. The channel is ca. 0.55 m tall, the same height as the piers. The base of the channel appears to be the top of the Persian wall (CA96041), although the soil has not been entirely removed from the channel to verify this. OVER
Although excavation stopped only a few cm below the top of the Persian wall (CA96041, 463.95 msl - top surface), it appears that large ashlar blocks are positioned in the Persian wall directly below each of the piers in the Hellenistic wall.

The drain (CA96003/CA96004) abuts on the north and south face of the wall.

The wall is ca. 0.85 m wide and runs east-west.
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CA9.6 NW quad  LOCUS CA96003

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) DRAIN

BEG. LEVEL(S) 464.62  END LEVEL(S) 464.17

UNDER LOCUS (ES) CA96021  OVER LOCUS (ES) CA96041

UNITS IN LOCUS: N/A

FINDS:
1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT. _____ FINE _____ UNID

LDM

SPAN/CONDITION

2. LAMPS: WHEELMADE _____ HELM MOULDMADE _____ ROMAN _____

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT 2. RELATION TO OTHER LOC|IE OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

Drain leading south away from south PHAB wall. Consists of two rows of stones about 0.90 m apart, with two preserved courses. The stones are on average 0.30 m wide, and their lengths vary. One stone is anomalous in size at 0.95 m in length. This is the NW-most stone, which abuts on the S face of the Hellenistic PHAB S wall (CA96002); it may be a re-used pier block. The drain abuts the PHAB S wall (CA96002) and lies over part of the Persian-phase PHAB S wall (CA96041). The Hellenistic S wall (CA96002) is pierced by a channel to allow water to drain out.
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CA 9.6 NW Quad
LOCUS CA96009

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) DRAIN

BEG. LEVEL(S) 4164.51
END LEVEL(S) 4163.77 (foundign level of drain floor)

UNDER LOCUS (ES) CA96021
OVER LOCUS (ES) CA96041

UNITS IN LOCUS: 170, 171, 172

FINDS:

1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT 2.82  FINE 4 shds UNID 1.4

LDM COASTAL FINE NORTHS

SPAN/CONDITION: EARLY/MIDDLE BRONZE - HELLENISTIC; SMALLEY & WORN TO MEDIUM W/ GOOD EDGES

2. LAMPS: WHEELED MADE HELM MOULDMADE ROMAN

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT 2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCUS(S) OVER/UNDER/TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

Drain leading from inside the PHAB toward the S wall. Abuts wall CA96002; cuts wall CA96042; covers wall CA96041. Fill CA96045 abuts on the W side of the drain.

This locus consists primarily of the juncture between the Hellenistic drain (CA96009) and the Hellenistic S wall of the PHAB (CA96002). Dismantling part of the drain that abuts on the N face of wall CA96002 has clarified some parts of the drain structure. The drain was dismantled from the level of the top of the cover stones (464.51) to the level of the drain floor (463.92). The soil W of the drain was excavated to a level that exposed the foundation level of the drain floor (463.77). (OVER)
The following description will proceed from the floor of the drain upward. The floor of the drain is constructed of cobbled-sized rubble. The floor extends under both the E and W drain walls (only the W drain wall was dismantled). The top level of the drain floor is nearly the same as the top level of the Persian S PHAB wall (CA96041, 463.95). The cobbles of the drain floor abut on the N face of wall CA96041.

Drain walls 2 courses high stood on top of the drain floor to create the drain channel. The drain walls are of rubble and stand to a level of ca. 4' 4.25. Where the drain abuts on wall CA96002, the structure has been disturbed; no cover stone was preserved, and the E drain wall had collapsed somewhat into the drain channel. Despite this collapse, it is clear that the drain walls, like the drain floor, abutted on and did not bond with the S PHAB wall (CA96002). As it passes through the S PHAB wall, the floor of the drain channel is the top of the Persian wall (CA96041), the W drain wall is a tall piece block, and the E drain wall is of rubble masonry. Rubble masonry also spans the drain channel.

As mentioned above, the 5 most cover stones were not preserved. The next two cover stones to the N were removed; these were rough-cut flat ashlar blocks 0.40 - 0.50 m long (spanning the drain channel) and 0.20 - 0.30 m wide. The bottom surface was flat. The cover stones that we left in place are larger (0.6 x 0.35 m), and the 5most one has a channel carved into its bottom surface.

As noted above, drain CA96009 cuts N-S wall CA96042. The W face of wall CA96042 was left in place at the time of construction to act as a lateral support for the W drain wall. Rubble was packed between the W drain wall and wall CA96042. Close to wall CA96002, wall CA96042 was totally dismantled at the time of construction for a length (N-S) of 0.8 m. In this space, a number of boulders were inserted against the W wall of the drain to act as buttresses, along the same line as CA96042.

The drain continues N into CB1.6 and forks into two branches (CB16009 goes E, CB16010 goes W). CB16009 snakes around the bin room to the S of the courtyard, cutting and covering 4 walls along the way. The construction here seems to be similar to that described above. CB16010 continues W to the S wall of the W-most bin room in CB1.7. In CB1.7 the construction style changes; the drain is a channel carved into large ashlar blocks. The cover stones in CB1.7 are similar to those in CB1.6 + CA96.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trac...</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
<th>Locus #</th>
<th>Final Loc...</th>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
<th>Inventory #</th>
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<td>CA9.6.160</td>
<td>CA96009</td>
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<td>Faunal</td>
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<td>CA96009</td>
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<td>Bone</td>
<td>Faunal</td>
<td>3 bone frags</td>
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</table>
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CA 9.6 NW Quad
LOCUS CA 96041

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) WALL

BEG. LEVEL(S) 463.95
END LEVEL(S) 463.82 (end of excavation, not foundation of wall)

UNDER LOCUS (ES) CA 96002, 044
OVER LOCUS (ES) N/A (not excavated)

UNITS IN LOCUS: N/A

FINDS:
1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT.____ FINE_______ UNID

LD

SPAN/CONDITION

2. LAMPS: WHEELMADE____ HELL MOULDMADE_______ ROMAN_____

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT
2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCI IE OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER
FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

Persian-phase S wall of PHAB. 0.10 m wide, Ashlar and rubble construction. The tops of two large ashlar, similar to those uncovered in 2009 in CA 9.6 NE, are visible beneath the Hellenistic wall (CA 96002). These ashlar are ca. 0.55 x 1.10 m in plan; the elevation here is unknown due to lack of excavation. The top of the wall is 463.95 m asl. Only about 0.10 m of the height of the wall is visible.
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CA 9.6 NW Quad  LOCUS CA96042

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) WALL

BEG. LEVEL(S) 464.41 (highest course) END LEVEL(S) 463.81 (foundation level)

UNDER LOCUS (ES) CA96021 OVER LOCUS(ES) N/A (not excavated)

UNITS IN LOCUS: N/A

FINDS: N/A

1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT.______ FINE_______ UNID

LDM

SPAN/CONDITION

2. LAMPS: WHEELMADE______ HELL. MOULDMADE_______ ROMAN_______

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT
2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCI IE OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER
   FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

North-south wall, largely dismantled at the time of the
construction of drain CA96009/CB16009/CB16010. Continues
into CB 1.6 as CB16066. Rubble-constructed. It is likely
that this wall once abutted the S wall of the PHAB, but
the construction of the drain (CA96009) destroyed this
portion of the wall. The wall probably was the one
Only
the west face of the wall is preserved in CA 9.6;
the entire width is preserved in CB 1.6 (CB16066). In
CA 9.6, the drain uses the remaining surviving blocks
of the west face of CA96042 for lateral support.
Five courses of CA96042 are preserved to a height of 0.60 m.
Preserved length 0.60 m.
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA: CA 9.6 NW Quad   LOCUS: CA96043

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.): FLOOR

BEG. LEVEL(S): 464.66   END LEVEL(S): 464.26

UNDER LOCUS (ES): Cleaning   OVER LOCUS(ES): N/A (not excavated)

UNITS IN LOCUS: N/A

FINDS: N/A

1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT._________ FINE_________ UNID

LDM

SPAN/CONDITION

2. LAMPS: WHEELMADE_______ HELL. MOULDMADE_______ ROMAN_______

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT
2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCUS OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER
   FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

Paving composed of flat stones of irregular shape, each 0.30-0.40 x
0.30-0.40 m. The paving starts 0.40 m S of the PHAB S wall (CA96002) and continues into the S scarp 1.80 m
away. Preserved E-W dimension: 0.50 m at N, 0.80 m at S. The
pavement slopes downward from N to S, from
464.66 msl to 464.41. The feature does not abut or
overlap any existing features. The feature goes into both the
W and S scarps.
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA: CA 9.6 NW Quad  LOCUS: CA 96044
TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.): FILL
BEG. LEVEL(S): 464.45  END LEVEL(S): 463.92
UNDER LOCUS (ES): Cleaning  OVER LOCUS (ES): N/A (not excavated)
UNITS IN LOCUS: Ile0, Ile1, Ile 3, Ile 3

FINDS:
1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT. 21.65  FINE __________ UNID: 12.05
   LDM (iron wire, candy wrapper) SF, sandy core, 9 pattern, unk fab.  strap handle
   SPAN/CONDITION: Early Bronze - Persian / Hellenistic: small + worn to
   medium w/ nice edges; good pre-Persian
2. LAMPS: WHEELEDMADE________ HELL. MOULDMADE________ ROMAN________
3. COINS
4. FAUNAL
5. OTHER
6. INV.
7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT
2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCUS: OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER
   FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

This fill about CA96002 and CA 96003, and it partly covers
CA96041. Light gray to yellowish, silty, rather hard-
packed, with 10-20% limestone, pebble & cobble inclusions.
An animal Warren caused a disturbance so that the
LDM is modern; the pottery, however, need not be later
than Persian. The drain (CA96003) and South PHAB
wall (CA96002) that this fill abuts are thought to
be Hellenistic, so as excavated the fill may have been
a re-deposition of an older fill at the time of the
construction of the wall (CA96002) and drain
(CA96003). Note that the corresponding fill on the
inside of the building (CA96045) has a Hellenistic LDM.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trac...</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
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<th>Final Loc...</th>
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KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CA 9.6 NW QUADRANT
LOCUS CA96045

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) FILL

BEG. LEVEL(S) 444.40
END LEVEL(S) 443.70

UNDER LOCUS (ES) Cleaning
OVER LOCUS (ES) N/A (not excavated)

UNITS IN LOCUS: 1164, 1165, 1164, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1173

FINDS:

1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT. 32.7
   FINE SHARDS: UNID 13.8
   LDM Local Fine

SPAN/CONDITION:
Early Middle Bronze - Hellenistic (?); small and worn to medium
w/good edges, gritty, + w/unk are better than normal
2. LAMPS: WHEELMADE HELL, MOULDMADE ROMAN

3. COINS
4. FAUNAL
5. OTHER
6. INV.
7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT
2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCUS E OVER/UNDER/TOUCHING/BOUNDING WITH OTHER
FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

This fill abuts CA96002, CA96009, and CA96047, CA96041.
Light gray to yellowish brown, silty, 20-25% pebble/cobble,
with a layer of denser rubble near the top of CA96041
(463.95 msl). The LDM is building Hellenistic. The fill was
probably laid down at the time of the construction of
CA96002 and CA96009. CA96009 (the drain) was cut
through Hellenistic habitation layers, which provide the
consistent Hellenistic LDMs of the units in this locus.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Trac...</th>
<th>Unit #</th>
<th>Locus #</th>
<th>Final Loc...</th>
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</table>
KEDESH LOCUS SHEET

AREA CB 1.6 SW Quod
LOCUS CB16066

TYPE (WALL, FLOOR, FILL ETC.) WALL

BEG. LEVEL(S) 464.38
END LEVEL(S) 464.33 (end of excavation)

UNDER LOCUS (ES) CB16007
OVER LOCUS(ES) N/A (not excavated)

UNITS IN LOCUS: N/A

FINDS: N/A

1. POTTERY: TOTAL WT. ______ FINE _______ UNID

LDM

SPAN/CONDITION

2. LAMPS: WHEELEDMADE_______ HELL MOULDMADE_______ ROMAN_______

3. COINS

4. FAUNAL

5. OTHER

6. INV.

7. SEDIMENT ANALYSIS/FLOAT

LOCUS DESCRIPTION: INCLUDE 1. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION, PRESERVATION, EXTENT
2. RELATION TO OTHER LOCI (IE OVER/UNDER/ TOUCHING/BONDING WITH OTHER
FLOORS/FILLS/WALLS ETC. USE OTHER SIDE OF SHEET IF NECESSARY.

A N/S wall, the top of which became visible after years of
rain erosion after the 2000 excavation season. Cut by
CB16009 and CB16010. Preserved length: S of CB16010, 2m;
N of CB16010, 3m. S of CB16010 only the W face is
preserved. N of CB16010 the entire width of the wall, 0.77 m,
is preserved for a length of about 0.50 m. The wall
is built of rubble, with larger stones as wall facing and
smaller stones in the core.