

HOMOTOPICAL ALGEBRA SEMINAR: COMPUTATIONS I

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1. BASIC TOOLKIT

Algorithm 1.1. Compute a one-sided inverse of a full-rank matrix.

Algorithm 1.2. Compute the nullspace of a matrix.

Algorithm 1.3. Starting with a commuting square in $\mathbb{Q}\text{-Vect}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} P & \xrightarrow{f} & Q \\ \downarrow t & & \downarrow u \\ R & \xrightarrow{g} & S, \end{array}$$

compute the corresponding map of exact sequences:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 0 & \longrightarrow & \ker f & \longrightarrow & P & \xrightarrow{f} & Q & \longrightarrow & \operatorname{coker} f & \longrightarrow & 0 \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow t & & \downarrow u & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ 0 & \longrightarrow & \ker g & \longrightarrow & R & \xrightarrow{g} & S & \longrightarrow & \operatorname{coker} g & \longrightarrow & 0. \end{array}$$

Algorithm 1.4 (Equalizers and Coequalizers). Use the previous algorithm to compute $\mathbb{Q}\text{-Vect}$ limit and colimit functors of shape

$$\bullet \rightrightarrows \bullet.$$

Say what to do to objects, say what to do to maps, and provide the “ $\exists!$ ” maps coming from the universal property.

Algorithm 1.5. Given a finite poset P , compute the 0-, 1-, and 2-simplices of its nerve NP along with the face and degeneracy maps. Do the same for a finite group G and its nerve NG .

Algorithm 1.6 (Finite Limits and Colimits). Let \mathcal{I} be a finite category. A functor F from \mathcal{I} to $\mathbb{Q}\text{-Vect}$ can be encoded as a simplicial map NF from $N\mathcal{I}$ to $N\mathbb{Q}\text{-Vect}$. Given NF_0 , NF_1 , and NF_2 , compute the limit of F . Say what to do to individual functors F , say what to do given a natural transformation $F \rightarrow F'$, and provide the “ $\exists!$ ” maps coming from the universal property.

2. PROBLEMS

Problem 2.1. Let G be the symmetric group on 3 objects. Define a map of sets

$$\begin{aligned} f: G^2 &\longrightarrow G \\ (x, y) &\longmapsto xyx^{-1}y^{-1}. \end{aligned}$$

\mathbb{Q} -valued functions pull back along f to produce a linear map f^* . Compute the exact sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow \ker f^* \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}^6 \longrightarrow \mathbb{Q}^{36} \longrightarrow \operatorname{coker} f^* \longrightarrow 0.$$

Compute the invariants with respect to the action of G by conjugation.

Problem 2.2. Let F be the field $\mathbb{Q}(i)$. Consider the map of varieties

$$g: M^{4 \times 4}(F) \longrightarrow M^{6 \times 6}(F)$$

sending a matrix to its matrix of 2×2 minors. Let g_1^* be the linear map pulling back degree 1 homogeneous polynomials to degree 2 homogeneous polynomials. Find the trace of complex conjugation acting on the kernel, image, and cokernel of g_1^* .