

Problem Set 10

Optional problems, do not turn in.

Problem 1. Prove that if M is a cyclic R -module then $T(M) = S(M)$, i.e., the tensor algebra $T(M)$ is commutative.

Problem 2. Let F be a field in which $-1 \neq 1$ and let V be a vector space over F . Prove that $V \otimes_F V \cong S^2(V) \oplus \wedge^2(V)$.

Problem 3. Let G be a finite group and let V be a finite-dimensional $\mathbb{C}G$ -module. Recall from the previous problem set that $V \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} V$ is a $\mathbb{C}G$ -module.

- (a) Show that $S^2(V)$ and $\wedge^2(V)$ are $\mathbb{C}G$ -submodules of $V \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} V$.
- (b) Prove that $\chi_{S^2(V)}(g) = \frac{1}{2}(\chi_V(g)^2 + \chi_V(g^2))$ for all $g \in G$.
- (c) Prove that $\chi_{\wedge^2(V)}(g) = \frac{1}{2}(\chi_V(g)^2 - \chi_V(g^2))$ for all $g \in G$.

Problem 4. Let V be the 4-dimensional defining representation of S_4 over \mathbb{C} . Determine the decomposition of $\wedge^k(V)$ into irreducibles for all k .

Problem 5. Let F be a field and let U, V, W be finite-dimensional F -vector spaces. Let $\phi : U \rightarrow V$ and $\psi : V \rightarrow W$ be linear maps. Recall that $T(\phi)$ and $\wedge(\phi)$ denote the induced maps $T(\phi) : T(U) \rightarrow T(V)$ and $\wedge(\phi) : \wedge(U) \rightarrow \wedge(V)$.

- (a) Prove that $T(\psi) \circ T(\phi) = T(\psi \circ \phi)$.
- (b) Prove that $\wedge(\psi) \circ \wedge(\phi) = \wedge(\psi \circ \phi)$.
- (c) Deduce that if A and B are $n \times n$ matrices then $\det(A) \det(B) = \det(AB)$.