## Problem Set 6

Due: Friday, February 17

Problem 1. An arrangement $\mathcal{A}$ is in general position if for any $\left\{H_{1}, \ldots, H_{p}\right\} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$, there holds

$$
\begin{cases}\operatorname{dim}\left(H_{1} \cap \cdots \cap H_{p}\right)=n-p & \text { if } p \leq n, \\ H_{1} \cap \cdots \cap H_{p}=\emptyset & \text { if } p>n\end{cases}
$$

Let $\mathcal{A}_{m}^{3}$ be the arrangement in $\mathbb{R}^{3}$ consisting of $m$ planes in general position. Determine (with proof) the number of regions $r\left(\mathcal{A}_{m}^{3}\right)$ of $\mathcal{A}_{m}^{3}$ without using Theorem 2.5.

Problem 2. Let $G$ be a forest (graph with no cycles) on the vertex set [ $n$ ]. Show that $L_{G} \cong B_{E(G)}$, the boolean lattice of all subsets of $E(G)$. Here, $L_{G} \cong L\left(\mathcal{A}_{G}\right)$ is the lattice of contractions of $G$.

Problem 3. Let $\mathcal{A}$ be an arrangement in $\mathbb{R}^{n}$. Suppose that $\chi_{\mathcal{A}}(t)$ is divisible by $t^{k}$ but not $t^{k+1}$. Show that $\operatorname{rank}(\mathcal{A})=n-k$.

Problem 4. Let $\mathcal{A}$ be the arrangement in $\mathbb{R}^{n}$ consisting of the $n$ hyperplanes

$$
x_{1}=x_{2}, x_{2}=x_{3}, \ldots, x_{n-1}=x_{n}, x_{n}=x_{1} .
$$

Compute (with proof) the characteristic polynomial $\chi_{\mathcal{A}}(t)$ and the number $r(\mathcal{A})$ of regions of $\mathcal{A}$.

Problem 5. A face of an arrangement $\mathcal{A}$ is a set $\emptyset \neq F=\bar{R} \cap x$, where $R \in \mathcal{R}(\mathcal{A})$ and $x \in L(\mathcal{A})$ and $\bar{R}$ is the closure of $R$. Let $f(n)$ be the total number of faces of the braid arrangement $\mathcal{B}_{n}$. Find (with proof) a simple formula for the generating function

$$
\sum_{n \geq 0} f(n) \frac{x^{n}}{n!}=1+x+3 \frac{x^{2}}{2}+13 \frac{x^{3}}{3!}+75 \frac{x^{4}}{4!}+541 \frac{x^{5}}{5!}+4683 \frac{x^{6}}{6!}+\cdots
$$

