

Assume that  $b \gg a$ , so that the perturbation due to the hole has a negligible influence on the stresses near the outer surface,  $r=b$ .

4. The area  $A$  on the surface of an elastic half-space is subjected to a purely normal pressure  $p(x, y)$  corresponding to the total force,  $F$ . The loaded region is now expanded in a self-similar manner by multiplying all its linear dimensions by the same ratio,  $\lambda$ . Each point in the new contact area is subjected to a self-similar loading such that the pressure at the point  $(\lambda x, \lambda y)$  is  $Cp(x, y)$ , where the constant  $C$  is chosen to ensure that the total force  $F$  is independent of  $\lambda$ .

Show that the deflection at corresponding points  $(\lambda x, \lambda y, \lambda z)$  will then be proportional to  $F/\lambda$ .

5. The surface of the half space  $z > 0$  is traction-free and a concentrated heat source  $Q$  is applied at the origin. Determine the stress and displacement field in the half space in the steady state.

The traction-free condition can be satisfied by using solution P of Table 20.1. You can then use dimensional arguments to determine the dependence of the heat flux on  $R$  and hence to choose the appropriate singular potential.