

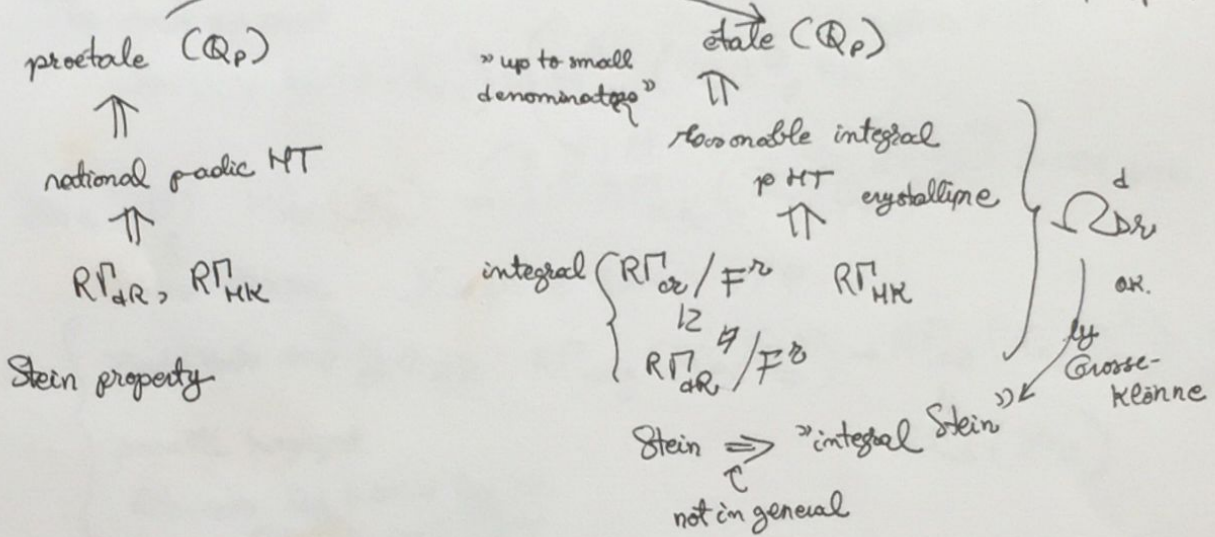
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Cohomology of p-adic Stein spaces

(joint w P. Colmez, G. Caspary)

p prime
 $k \leftarrow \mathbb{Q}_p \subset K$ char $(0, p)$ $F = \text{Frac}(W(k))$ $C = \widehat{K}$, $G_K = \text{Gal}(\overline{K}/K)$.
 perfect

Goal: p-adic (pro)-étale coh of p-adic symmetric spaces coverings of \mathbb{Z}/p^n odd elts in $H_{\text{pro-ét}}$



Would like more:
 étale coh (\mathbb{Z}_p)

de Bloch-Kato $\rightarrow H_{\text{ét}}^*(\mathbb{Z}_p) \cong H_{\text{ét}}^*(W\Omega_{\log})$ Stein ordinary variety.
 Hyodo, Itozono

Stein spaces: a rigid analytic space with an admissible affinoid covering

$$X = \bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} U_i$$

s.t. $U_i \subset U_{i+1}$

key properties: X Stein

(1) $H^i(X, \mathbb{F}) = 0 \quad i > 0, \mathbb{F}$ -coherent

(2) $\exists \mathcal{X}$ semistable model of X
 all the irreducible components are proper & smooth

(tubes of certain open subsets core to $U_i \dots$)

this is an assumption

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Stein space: \exists canonical (weak) formal model $\tilde{\Sigma}_{D,0}^d$

Everything is equivariant for $\mathcal{O}_{L_{d+1}}(K)$.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 \rightarrow \Omega_C^{r-1}/\ker d & \rightarrow & H_{\text{proét}}^2(X_C, \mathbb{Q}_p(\nu)) & \rightarrow & H_{HK}^2(\tilde{\Sigma}_{D,0}^d) & \rightarrow & 0 \\
 \parallel & & \downarrow \beta & & \downarrow \theta \circ \gamma_{HK} & & \text{K}=\mathbb{Q}_p \\
 0 \rightarrow \Omega_C^{r-1}/\ker d & \rightarrow & \Omega_{X_C}^r, d=0 & \rightarrow & H_{de}^2(X_C) & \rightarrow & 0.
 \end{array}$$

Diagram:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 R\Gamma_{\text{sym}}(X_{\bar{K}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(\nu)) & \rightarrow & (R\Gamma_{HK}(X_0) \hat{\otimes}_F B_{\text{st}}^+) & \xrightarrow{N=0, \varphi=p^2} & (R\Gamma_{dR}(X_K) \hat{\otimes}_K B_{dR}^+) / F^2 \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \gamma_{HK} \circ \gamma & & \parallel \\
 F^2 C & \rightarrow & R\Gamma_{de}(X_K) \hat{\otimes}_R B_{dR}^+ & \xrightarrow{G} & (\quad) / F^2 \\
 \downarrow \theta & & & & \downarrow \\
 F^2 R\Gamma_{de}(X_K) \hat{\otimes} C & \rightarrow & R\Gamma_{dR}(X_K) \hat{\otimes}_K C & \rightarrow & R\Gamma_{de}(X_K) \hat{\otimes} C / F^2
 \end{array}$$

Prop. (1). $\text{Thm 1} \rightsquigarrow$ overconvergent affinoids
 \rightsquigarrow "general" rigid-analytic spaces.

(2) \exists comparison thm:

$$H_{\text{proét}}^* \leftarrow R\Gamma_{dR}, R\Gamma_{HK}, \dots$$

Prf of Thm 1

Step 2: \exists diagram $H_{\text{proét}} \rightsquigarrow H_{\text{sym}}$

X/K - variety $\rightsquigarrow \exists X/\mathcal{O}_K$ semistable

$$R\Gamma_{\text{sym}}(X_{\bar{K}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(\nu)) := \left[\begin{array}{c} (R\Gamma_{HK}(X_{\bar{K}}) \hat{\otimes}_F B_{\text{st}}^+) \\ \xrightarrow{\gamma_{HK}} \\ (R\Gamma_{dR}(X_{\bar{K}}) \hat{\otimes}_R B_{dR}^+) / F^2 \end{array} \right]_{N=0, \varphi=p^2}$$

\rightsquigarrow Deligne coh \Rightarrow

$$\exists \text{ map } R\Gamma_{\text{sym}}(X_{\bar{K}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(\nu)) \rightarrow R\Gamma_{\text{ét}}(X_{\bar{K}}, \mathbb{Q}_p(\nu))$$

this map is
 \simeq after $\tau \in \nu$



Apply M^r to diagram (*):

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 0 \rightarrow F^r & \xrightarrow{\quad} & M_{dR}^r(\mathcal{X}_K) \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C} & \rightarrow & M_{dR}^r / F^r & \rightarrow & 0 \\
 & \searrow & & & \text{(bottom row of (*))} & & \\
 & & H^0(\mathcal{X}_{\bar{K}}, \Omega^r) \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C} & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$\leadsto \mathcal{X}$ Stein \leadsto replace everything by overconvergent

$$F^r(R\Gamma_{dR}^+(\mathcal{X}_K) \otimes_K B_{dR}^+) = 0 \hat{\otimes} F^r B_{dR}^+ \rightarrow \Omega^1 \hat{\otimes} F^{r-1} B_{dR}^+ \rightarrow \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\quad) / F^r &= 0 \hat{\otimes} B_{dR}^+ \rightarrow \Omega^1 \hat{\otimes} B_{dR}^+ / F^{r-1} \rightarrow \dots \\
 &\rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \Omega^{r-1} \hat{\otimes} (B_{dR}^+ / F^1)
 \end{aligned}$$

Bottom rows: distinguished Δ

$$\sigma_{\geq r} \Omega^0 \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C}[r] \rightarrow \Omega^0_{\mathcal{X}_K} \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \sigma_{\leq r-1} \Omega^0 \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C}$$

$$M_{dR}^{r-1} \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \Omega^{r-1} \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \Omega^r \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C}_{d=0} \rightarrow H_{dR}^r(\mathcal{X}_K) \hat{\otimes} \mathbb{C} \rightarrow 0.$$