Study Questions

Lecture 2 Institutions of the International Economy

Part 1: Multiple Choice

Select the **best** answer of those given.

- 1. Which of the following is *not* one of the international economic institutions that were created at the end of World War II?
 - a. International Monetary Fund
 - b. International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
 - c. General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
 - d. World Trade Organization
 - e. World Bank
- 2. During the half century since the end of World War II,
 - a. The major currencies of the world, which initially had flexible exchange rates, have become fixed.
 - b. The World Bank has switched from providing assistance to poor countries to primarily settling transactions among rich countries.
 - c. The GATT has been transformed into the WTO.
 - d. The IMF has changed from being a members-only bank to being a mutual fund for investment in emerging-economy stock markets.
 - e. Tariffs levied by developed countries against developing-country exports have increased.
- 3. Which of the following was the name of one of the GATT negotiating rounds?
 - a. NAFTA
 - b. Wilbur
 - c. Nixon
 - d. Seattle
 - e. Uruguay

Alan Deardorff Institutions Page 2 of 5

- 4. Which of the following is *not* an example of an international public good?
 - a. Open markets in a recession
 - b. Capital flows to less-developed countries
 - c. Money for settlement of international debts
 - d. Coordination of last resort lending
 - e. Exploration for new oil deposits
- 5. Near the end of World War II, the architecture of the postwar economic environment was constructed at a conference of the major Western powers held at?
 - a. Geneva, Switzerland
 - b. Bretton Woods, New Hampshire
 - c. New York City
 - d. Versailles, France
 - e. Stratford on Avon, England
- 6. How many countries are members of the group of both developed and developing countries called the G-20?
 - a. 7
 - b. 8
 - c. 19
 - d. 20
 - e. 24
- 7. Which of the following countries is <u>not</u> currently negotiating to be part of the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership?
 - a. Brunei
 - b. United States
 - c. Chile
 - d. China
 - e. Malaysia

- 8. By when must the EU-UK negotiations be completed for the terms of the exit of the UK from the EU?
 - a. By 2 years from the date that Prime Minister Cameron announced that there would be a referendum.
 - b. By 2 years from when Prime Minister Cameron officially informed the EU of the UK's intent to leave.
 - c. By 2 years from March 29, 2017, when the UK initiated the Article 50 process.
 - d. By June 23, 2018.
 - e. By December 31, 2018.
- 9. Which of the following is a free trade agreement that the United States is currently part of but is renegotiating?
 - a. The US-Israel FTA
 - b. NAFTA
 - c. KORUS
 - d. The Trans-Pacific Partnership
 - e. The US-Japan FTA

Part II: Short Answer

Answer in the space provided.

- 1. Define the following terms:
 - a. Conditionality
 - b. National Treatment
 - c. Free Riding

Alan Deardorff Institutions Page 4 of 5

d. G-7

- 2. What is or was the Marshall Plan?
- 3. Who, according to a graphic shown in lecture, are "the Three Stooges of Corporate Folly"?
- 4. What is the current status of the Doha Development Round?

- 5. Which of the products listed below are being considered by the Trump administration (as of January 2017) for additional tariffs?
 - Coal

 Aluminum

 Washing machines

 Cars

 Solar panels

 Steel

 Coffee

Alan Deardorff Institutions Page 5 of 5

- 6. What do the following acronyms stand for, and what do they mean?
 - a. MFN
 - b. ITO
 - c. WIPO
 - d. GATT
 - e. SDR
 - f. EME