ED 704: Contemporary Issues in Literacy Research

The course is designed to critically examine current perspectives on literacy policy and research in terms of theoretical frameworks, research methods, and implications for curriculum, instruction, and assessment.

Professor Susan B. Neuman 615-4655 Wed. 1-4:00 Spring Semester Room 2334

Office Hours Wed. 9-12:00 (by appointment)

A. Key contemporary issues in literacy research: A policy perspective. (What are major concerns about 'reading' in policy circles? What are the causes of concern? The political contexts?)

January 7: The Political Context: Course introduction and Overview

- 1. Shonkoff, Science, policy, and practice: Three cultures in search of a shared mission.
- 2. Definition of Science in NCLB
- 3. Stanovichs' Using Research and Reason
- 4. Pressley, A few things reading educators should know about instructional experiments
- 5. (Optional) National Research Council, <u>Scientific Research in</u> <u>Education</u>
- B. What is science in reading reform? The next two sessions focus on the current definition of science and its implications for research and research-based practice.

January 14: Science in Reading Research (How might be differentiate science from advocacy and practice? What is the current definition of scientifically-based reading research? Why this definition?)

- 1. National Reading Panel Report (Summary)
- 2. Put Reading First
- 3. Pressley, Effective Beginning Reading Instruction
- 4. Shanahan, Reading Teacher piece
- 5. Garan, Beyond the smoke and mirrors

January 21: Science in Reading Practice (What does the definition of SBR mean for practice?) Consider the implications of this definition in state, district and local practice. Provide more than anecdotes.

- 1. Guidance, Reading First (www.ed.gov)
- 2. Smith, Unspeakable acts
- 3. What Works Clearinghouse

C. Once again, policies in reading are framed against this classic debate between progressive and skill-based approaches. These readings should be examined alongside the Reading First and Early Reading First legislation and guidance.

January 28: Progressive Education vs. Skill-based approach (a replay?)

- 1. Chall, Academic achievement challenge
- 2. Ravitch, Left Behind (optional)
- 3. Smith, Unspeakable acts

February 4: Examining Early Intervention: The case of Reading Recovery

- 1. Juel, Learning to read and write
- 2. Shanahan and Barr, Reading Recovery
- 3. Chapman, Tunmer, & Prochnow, A longitudinal study

February 11: The case for Early Literacy in Head Start

- 1. Reynolds, Temple, Robertson, Mann
- 2. Campbell & Ramey, Cognitive and School Outcomes
- 3. Schweinhart & Weikart
- 4. School Readiness Act of 2003: Head Start Reauthorization and Program Improvements
- 5. Good Start Grow Smart, The White House Initiative, http://www.whitehouse.gov/infocus/earlychildhood/toc.html

D. High school and adolescent readers are not highly visible in the current political context. The question then becomes:

February 18: What to do with Struggling Readers?

- 1. Alliance for Excellent Education: <u>www.all4ed.org</u>
- 2. NICHD position papers: <u>http://www.nichd.nih.gov/crmc/cdb/cdb.htm</u> (adolescent literacy working documents.

E. The practice of reading will be influenced by changes in Title I under NCLB. We will first examine the implications of standards and assessments. We will then focus on

accountability, and accountability systems in states, and how they will affect entrepreneurial activities in reading education.

February 25: Title 1: Standards-based Reform, Assessment & Accountability

H.R. 1: (Summary) Standards, assessment, and accountability
 J. David and P. Shields, When theory hits reality: Standards based reform in urban districts
 <u>http://www.sri.com/policy/cep/pubs/pew/pewfinal.pdf</u>

 Elmore and Rothman, Testing, Teaching, and Learning check website education commission of the states
 www.ecs.com

Vacation Week

March 10: (Continued) Students will select a state and be prepared to describe their testing and accountability system.

March 17: Accountability (continued)

March 24: Supplemental Service Providers

H.R. 1 (reread section on ssp). Guidance on SS providers Elbaum, Vaughn, Hughes, and Moody Wasik, and Slavin

F. Finally, we will examine reading as a profession, looking at Title II, Higher Education reauthorization, and professional development.

March 31: Teacher Professional Development

Moats, Teaching Reading is Rocket Science Meeting the Highly Qualified Teacher Challenge (www.ed.gov) New Brunswick, Preparing our teachers Title II guidance (in NCLB) Higher Education Reauthorization

April 7 (Teaching as a profession, continued) April 21 Final Reports

Course Expectations

Students will be expected to attend class, do the readings, participate in weekly discussions, and write an analytic paper on assigned topics. I will have office hours on Wednesday morning, by appointment. Please use email (<u>sbneuman@umich.edu</u>) to make appointments and deal with other matters that do not require an appointment.

References

Campbell, F., & Ramey, C. (1995). Cognitive and school outcomes for high-risk African-American students at middle adolescence: Positive effects of early intervention. **American Educational Research Journal**, **32**, 743-772.

Chall, J. (2000). The academic achievement challenge. NY: Guilford.

Chapman, J.W., Tunmer, W., & Prochnow, J. Developing proficiency in phonologicalprocessing skills? A longitudinal study in a whole language instructional context. **Scientific Studies of Reading**, 5, 141-176.

Elbaum, B., Vaughn, S., Hughes, M.T., & Moody, S.W. (2000). How effective are oneto-one tutoring programs in reading for elementary students at risk for reading failure? A meta-analysis of the intervention research. **Journal of Educational Psychology**, **92**, 605-619.

Elmore, R.F. & Rothman, R. (1999). **Testing, teaching and learning**. Washington, D.C.: National Research Council.

Garan, E. (2001). Beyond the smoke and mirrors: A critique of the National Reading Panel Report on phonics. **Kappan**, 500-506.

Juel, C. (1988). Learning to read and write: A longitudinal study of 54 children from first through fourth grades. **Journal of Educational Psychology**, **80**, 437-447.

Moats, L. (1999). **Teaching Reading is Rocket Science**. Washington, D.C.: American Federation of Teachers.

National Research Council. (2002). Scientific Research in Education. Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press.

Pressley, M. (2003). A few things reading educators should know about instructional experiments. **Reading Teacher**, 57, 64-71.

Pressley, M. (2003). <u>Effective beginning reading instruction</u>: A paper commissioned by the National Reading Conference. <u>www.nrconline.org</u>.

Reading First. <u>www.ed.gov</u>

Reynolds, A., Temple, J., Robertson, D., & Mann, E. (2001). Long-term effects of an early childhood intervention on educational achievement and juvenile arrest. **Journal of the American Medical Association**, 285, 2339-2346.

Schweinhart, L. & Weikart, D. The effects of the Perry preschool program on youths through age 15—A summary.

Secretary's Annual Report on Teacher Quality. (2003; 2002). **Meeting the highly qualified teachers challenge**. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Department of Education (www.ed.gov)

Shanahan, T., & Barr, R. (1995). Reading recovery: An independent evaluation of the effects of an early instructional intervention for at-risk learners. **Reading Research Quarterly**, 30, 958-997

Shonkoff, J. (2000). Science, policy, and practice: Three cultures in search of a shared mission. **Child Development**, **71**, 181-187.

Smith, F. (2003). Unspeakable acts: Unnatural practices. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann.

Stanovich, P., & Stanovich, K. Using research and reason in education. Washington, D.C.: National Institute for Literacy. (<u>www.nifl.gov</u>)

Strickland, D., & Snow, C. **Preparing our teachers**. Washington, D.C.: John Henry Press.

Wasik, B., & Slavin, R. (1993). Preventing early reading failure with one-to-one tutoring: A review of five programs. **Reading Research Quarterly**, 28, 179-200.