## Homework Assignment #1 — Due Thursday, January 10

Textbook problems: Ch. 8: 8.2, 8.4

- 8.2 A transmission line consisting of two concentric circular cylinders of metal with conductivity  $\sigma$  and skin depth  $\delta$ , as shown, is filled with a uniform lossless dielectric ( $\mu$ ,  $\epsilon$ ). A TEM mode is propagated along this line. Section 8.1 applies.
  - a) Show that the time-averaged power flow along the line is

$$P = \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} \pi a^2 |H_0|^2 \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

where  $H_0$  is the peak value of the azimuthal magnetic field at the surface of the inner conductor.

b) Show that the transmitted power is attenuated along the line as

$$P(z) = P_0 e^{-2\gamma z}$$

where

$$\gamma = \frac{1}{2\sigma\delta}\sqrt{\frac{\epsilon}{\mu}}\frac{\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}\right)}{\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)}$$

c) The characteristic impedance  $Z_0$  of the line is defined as the ratio of the voltage between the cylinders to the axial current flowing in one of them at any position z. Show that for this line

$$Z_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

d) Show that the series resistance and inductance per unit length of the line are

$$R = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma\delta} \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}\right)$$
$$L = \left\{\frac{\mu}{2\pi}\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) + \frac{\mu_c\delta}{4\pi}\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}\right)\right\}$$

where  $\mu_c$  is the permeability of the conductor. The correction to the inductance comes from the penetration of the flux into the conductors by a distance of order  $\delta$ .

- 8.4 Transverse electric and magnetic waves are propagated along a hollow, right circular cylinder with inner radius R and conductivity  $\sigma$ .
  - a) Find the cutoff frequencies of the various TE and TM modes. Determine numerically the lowest cutoff frequency (the dominant mode) in terms of the tube radius and the ratio of cutoff frequencies of the next four higher modes to that of the dominant mode. For this part assume that the conductivity of the cylinder is infinite.
  - b) Calculate the attenuation constants of the waveguide as a function of frequency for the lowest two distinct modes and plot them as a function of frequency.