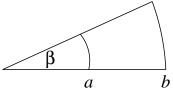
## **Practice Midterm**

The midterm will be a 120 minute open book, open notes exam. Do all three problems.

1. A two-dimensional problem is defined by a semi-circular wedge with  $0 \le \phi \le \beta$  and  $a \le \rho \le b$ .



a) For the Dirichlet problem, it is possible to expand the Green's function as

$$G(\rho,\phi;\rho',\phi') = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} g_m(\rho,\rho') \sin\left(\frac{m\pi\phi}{\beta}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi\phi'}{\beta}\right)$$

Write down the appropriate differential equation that  $g_m(\rho, \rho')$  must satisfy.

- b) Solve the Green's function equation for  $g_m(\rho, \rho')$  subject to Dirichlet boundary conditions and write down the result for  $G(\rho, \phi; \rho', \phi')$ .
- 2. A conducting spherical shell of inner radius a is held at zero potential. The interior of the shell is filled with electric charge of a volume density

$$\rho(\vec{r}) = \rho_0 \left(\frac{a}{r}\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

- a) Find the potential everywhere inside the shell.
- b) What is the surface charge density on the inside surface of the shell?
- 3. A thin disk of radius a lies in the x-y plane with its center at the coordinate origin. The disk is uniformly charged with a surface density  $\sigma$ .
  - a) Calculate the multipole moments of the charge distribution. Make sure to indicate which moments are non-vanishing.
  - b) Write down the multipole expansion for the potential in explicit form up to the first two non-vanishing terms.